

Math 27, HW #23

Selected Problems

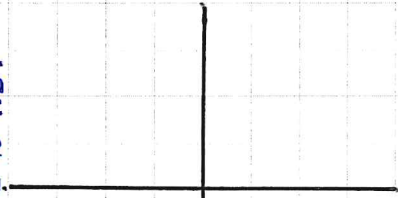
Pg 261, #18 Determine the quadrant of the terminal side.

a) 3.5

Q II

π
3.14

$\pi/2 \approx 1.57$



$3\pi/2 \approx 4.71$

$0 (2\pi)$

b) 2.25

Q II



Pg 261, #25 Determine two coterminal angles (one +, one -) for:

a) $\theta = \pi/6$

$$+ : \frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{12\pi}{6} = \boxed{\frac{13\pi}{6}}$$

$$- : \frac{\pi}{6} - \frac{12\pi}{6} = -\frac{11\pi}{6}$$

b) $\theta = 2\pi/3$

$$+ : \frac{2\pi}{3} + \frac{8\pi}{3} = \frac{8\pi}{3}$$

$$- : \frac{2\pi}{3} - \frac{6\pi}{3} = -\frac{4\pi}{3}$$

$$\frac{\theta^\circ}{180^\circ} = \frac{\theta^r}{\pi}$$

Pg. 262, #49 Convert to radian measure:

$$\text{a) } 18^\circ: \frac{18^\circ}{180^\circ} = \frac{\theta}{\pi} \Rightarrow \theta = \boxed{\frac{\pi}{10}} = \frac{18\pi}{180}$$

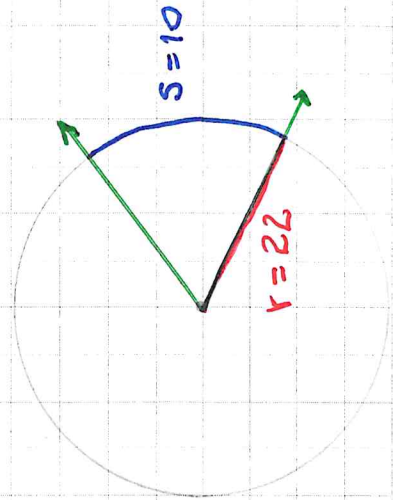
$$\text{b) } -240^\circ: \frac{-240^\circ}{180^\circ} = \frac{-4\pi}{3} = -\frac{4}{3}\pi$$

Pg. 262, #65 Convert -2 radians to degrees.

$$\frac{\theta^\circ}{180^\circ} = \frac{-2}{\pi} \Rightarrow \theta^\circ = \frac{-360^\circ}{\pi}$$

Pg. 262, #94 Find the radian measure of θ if $r = 22$ ft. and $s = 10$ ft.

$$\boxed{\theta = \frac{s}{r}} \Rightarrow s = r\theta$$



$$\theta = \frac{10 \text{ ft.}}{22 \text{ ft.}} = \boxed{\frac{5^r}{11}}$$