## Math 27 Finding the Relative Maximum Graphically

Step 1) Graph the function in the Standard Viewing Window.
Step 2) Adjust the window dimensions, $[x M i n, x M a x]$ and $[y M i n, y M a x]$, so that a relative maximum can be seen.

Step 3)

TI 83/84
Press $2^{\text {nd }}$ CALC
Select: maximum
Choose a relative maximum and use the left ( $\boldsymbol{\text { ) }}$ ) or right ( $\boldsymbol{\bullet}$ ) arrow keys to move the trace bug so that it is to the left of the maximum.

Press $\qquad$

Move the trace bug so that it is to the right of the maximum.

Press ENTER
Press ENTER (again)
The coordinates of the relative maximum appear. The $x$-coordinate is the maximizer. The $y$-coordinate is the maximum function value.

## TI 85/86

With the GRAPH menu bar showing $Y=$ |WIND ZOOM ${ }^{\text {TTRACE }}$ GRAPH press MORE MATH FMAX

Choose a relative maximum and use the left ( $\boldsymbol{\text { ) }}$ ) or right ( $\boldsymbol{~}$ ) arrow keys to move the trace bug so that it is to the left of the maximum.

## Press ENTER

Move the trace bug so that it is to the right of the maximum.

Press ENTER
Press ENTER (again)
The coordinates of the relative maximum appear. The $x$-coordinate is the maximizer. The $y$-coordinate is the maximum function value.

## TI 89/92

Press $\quad$ F5
Select: Maximum
Choose a relative maximum and use the leftor right ( $\boldsymbol{*}$ ) arrow keys to move the trace bug so that it is to the left of the maximum.

Press $\qquad$

Move the trace bug so that it is to the right of the maximum.

Press $\qquad$
The coordinates of the relative maximum appear. The $x$-coordinate is the maximizer. The $y$-coordinate is the maximum function value.

Step 4) Repeat Step 3 for any other relative maximums.

