

Math 1A  
Test 4 Review

For problems 1 through 2 a calculator may NOT be used.

1. Compute the following expressions.

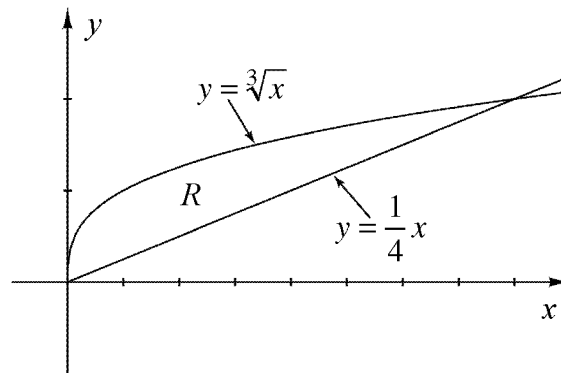
a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2 + x}$

b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^2 \ln x$

c)  $\frac{d}{dx} \left[ \sqrt{x \ln(x^4)} \right]$

d)  $\int_0^4 \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+2x}} dx$

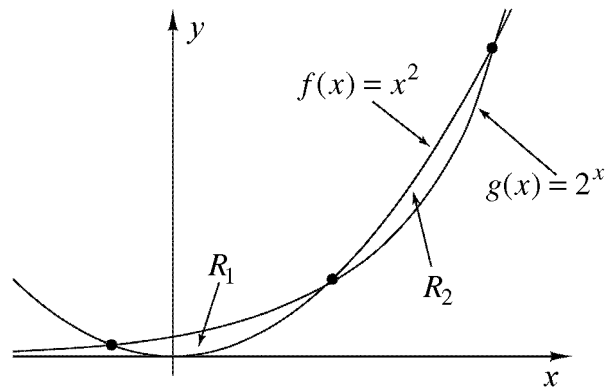
2. The figure below shows the graphs of  $y = \sqrt[3]{x}$  and  $y = \frac{1}{4}x$  enclose an area in the first quadrant. This area will be referred to as region  $R$  in parts (a) through (d). For parts (a) through (d), set up but DO NOT EVALUATE an integral for finding the given quantity.



- The area of region  $R$ .
- The volume generated by revolving the region  $R$  about the  $x$ -axis using the washer method.
- The volume generated by revolving the region  $R$  about the  $y$ -axis using the shell method.
- The volume generated by revolving the region  $R$  about the line  $x = 8$ , you choose the method.

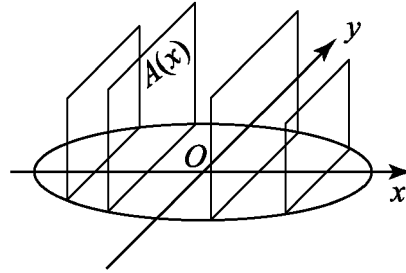
A calculator may be used to help solve problems 3 through 6.

3. The regions  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  shown in the figure below are enclosed by the graphs of  $f(x) = x^2$  and  $g(x) = 2^x$ .



- Find the  $x$ - and  $y$ -coordinate of the three points of intersection of the graphs of  $f$  and  $g$ .
  - Find the total area of the regions  $R_1 + R_2$ .
  - Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving  $R_1$  about the line  $y = 5$ .
4. Let  $R$  be the region in the first quadrant under the graph of  $y = \ln x$  for  $e \leq x \leq e^2$ .
- Find the length of the arc over the given interval.
  - Find the area of  $R$ .
  - If the line  $x = k$  divides the region  $R$  into two regions of equal area, what is the value of  $k$ ?
  - Find the volume of the solid whose base is the region  $R$  and whose cross sections cut by planes perpendicular to the  $x$ -axis are equilateral triangles.

5. For the solid below, the base is a circle of radius 3, and each cross section perpendicular to the  $x$ -axis is a square.



- Find a function  $A(x)$  that describes the area of the face of each cross-section.
- Write an integral that will calculate the volume of the solid.
- Compute the volume of the solid.

6. Consider the definite integral below.

$$\int_2^4 \frac{e^x}{x} dx$$

Find the value of the definite integral by the indicated methods using 10 subintervals and approximating your answers to six decimal places. (15 points)

- Midpoint Rule
- Trapezoidal Rule
- Simpson's Rule